

Human Chorionic Gonadotropin (hCG) ELISA Kit

NB-06-0338



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INTENDED USE

The GenWay, Inc. hCG ELISA Kit is intended for the quantitative measurement of hCG in human serum or plasma.

SUMMARY AND EXPLANATION

Human Chorionic Gonadotropin (hCG) is a 40 kD glycoprotein hormone secreted by the placenta. hCG has two subunits, alpha and beta. The alpha subunit is similar to the alpha subunit found in LH, FSH and TSH glycoprotein hormones. However, the beta subunit is specific and differs from hormone to hormone. The serum hCG rises in early pregnancy to concentrations of 50,000-150,000 mIU/ml between the 8th and 12th weeks of gestation and decline to 20,000 mIU/ml by the 18th week where they remain for the duration of the pregnancy. The increased level of hCG in non-pregnant women or men suggest neoplsia. Thus hCG measurement is useful for the recognition and monitoring of chorionic tumors and as a tumor marker for other malignancies that produce hCG ectopically. These include testicular, pancreatic and bronchogenic pulmonary cancers. The sensitivity of this ELISA test is 0.5mIU/ml.

PRINCIPLE OF THE TEST

The GenWay hCG is a direct solid phase sandwich ELISA method. The samples and diluted antihCG- HRP conjugate are added to the wells coated with Mab to beta subunit. hCG in the sample serum binds to anti-hCG MAb on the well and the anti-hCG second antibody then binds to hCG. Unbound protein and HRP conjugate are washed off by wash buffer. Upon the addition of the substrate, the intensity of color is proportional to the concentration of hCG in the samples. A standard curve is prepared relating color intensity to the concentration of the hCG.

MATERIALS PROVIDED	96 Tests
 Microwells coated with hCG MAb 	12x8x1
hCG Standards: 6 vials (ready to use)	0.5ml
hCG Enzyme Conjugate: 1 bottle (ready to use)	12 ml
4. TMB Substrate: 1 bottle (ready to use)	12ml
5. Stop Solution: 1 bottle (ready to use)	12ml
6. 20X Wash concentrate: 1 bottle	25ml



MATERIALS NOT PROVIDED

- 1. Distilled or deionized water
- 2. Precision pipettes
- 3. Disposable pipette tips
- 4. ELISA reader capable of reading absorbance at 450nm
- 5. Absorbance paper or paper towel
- 6. Graph paper

STORAGE AND STABILITY

- 1. Store the kit at $2 8^{\circ}$ C.
- 2. Keep microwells sealed in a dry bag with desiccants.
- 3. The reagents are stable until expiration of the kit.
- 4. Do not expose test reagents to heat, sun or strong light

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

1. Potential biohazardous materials:

The calibrator and controls contain human source components, which have been tested and found nonreactive for hepatitis B surface antigen as well as HIV antibody with FDA licensed reagents. However, as there is no test method that can offer complete assurance that HIV, Hepatitis B virus or other infectious agents are absent, these reagents should be handled at the Biosafety Level 2, as recommended in the Centers for Disease Control/National Institutes of Health manual, "Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories." 1984

2. This test kit is designed for research use only.

3. Do not pipette by mouth. Do not smoke, eat, or drink in the areas in which specimens or kit reagents are handled.

4. The components in this kit are intended for use as an integral unit. The components of different lots should not be mixed.

5. It is recommended that serum samples be run in duplicate.

6. Optimal results will be obtained by strict adherence to this protocol. Accurate and precise pipetting, as well as following the exact time and temperature requirements prescribed are essential. Any deviation from this may yield invalid data.

SPECIMEN COLLECTION HANDLING

1. Collect blood specimens and separate the serum immediately.

2. Specimens may be stored refrigerated at (2-8°C) for 5 days. If storage time exceeds 5 days, store frozen at (-20° C) for up to one month.

3. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles.



- 4. Prior to assay, frozen sera should be completely thawed and mixed well.
- 5. Do not use grossly lipemic specimens.

REAGENTS PREPARATION

Prepare 1X Wash buffer by adding the contents of the bottle (25 ml, 20X) to 475 ml of distilled or deionized water. Store at room temperature (18-26° C).

ASSAY PROCEDURE

Prior to assay, allow reagents to stand at room temperature. Gently mix all reagents before use.

- 1. Place the desired number of coated strips into the holder
- 2. Pipet 50 µl of hCG standards, control and sample sera.
- 3. Add 100 µl of Enzyme Conjugate to all wells.
- 4. Cover the plate and incubate for 60 minutes at room temperature (18-26° C).

5. Remove liquid from all wells. Wash wells three times with 300 μ l of 1X wash buffer. Blot on absorbent paper towels.

- 6. Add 100 μ l of TMB substrate to all wells.
- 7. Incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.
- 8. Add 50 µl of stop solution to all wells. Shake the plate gently to mix the solution.
- 9. Read absorbance on ELISA Reader at 450 nm within 15 minutes after adding the stopping solution.

CALCULATION OF RESULTS

The standard curve is constructed as follows:

1. Check hCG standard value on each standard vial. This value might vary from lot to lot. Make sure you check the value on every kit. See example of the standard attached.

2. To construct the standard curve, plot the absorbance for the hCG standards (vertical axis) versus the hCG standard concentrations in mIU/ml (horizontal axis) on a linear graph paper. Draw the best curve through the points.

3. Read the absorbance for controls and each unknown sample from the curve. Record the value for each control or unknown sample.

4. Value above the highest point of the standard are retested after diluting with "0" standard.



Example of a Standard Curve

Standard	OD (450 nm)
Standard 1 (0 mIU/ml)	0.048
Standard 2 (10 mIU/ml)	0.169
Standard 3 (25 mIU/ml)	0.357
Standard 4 (50 mIU/ml)	0.650
Standard 5 (100 mIU/ml)	1.198
Standard 6 (250 mIU/ml)	2.642

EXPECTED VALUES

It is recommended that each laboratory establish its own normal ranges based on a representative sampling of the local population. The following values for hCG may be used as initial guideline ranges only:

hCG Normal Range = Less Than 5 mIU/ml.

LIMITATIONS OF THE TEST

1. The test results obtained using this kit serve only as an aid to research and should be interpreted in relation to the sample history, physical findings and other detection procedures.

2. Do not use sodium azide as preservative. Sodium azide inhibits HRP enzyme activities.

REFERENCES

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3. Trundle DS; Chou PP; Raymond A. Automated determination of human choriogonadotropin by use of microparticle capture analysis. Clin Chem 1990;36(3):554-6

4. Mantzavinos T; Phocas I; Chrelias H; Sarandakou A; Zourlas PA. Serum levels of steroid and placental protein hormones in ectopic pregnancy. Eur J Obstet Gynecol Reprod Biol 1991;39(2):117-22.

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